



UNAM
UNIVERSITY OF NAMIBIA

FACULTY	EDUCATION AND HUMAN SCIENCES
DEPARTMENT	INTERMEDIATE AND VOCATIONAL EDUCATION
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DURATION	3 HOURS
MARKS	100

SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION

REGULAR EXAMINATION

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INSTRUCTIONS:

This question paper consists of **5 pages** including the cover page.

There are **TWO** sections in this question paper.

Section A: True / False and Matching questions

Section B: Structured questions.

Answer **ALL** the Questions

SECTION A: TRUE OR FALSE AND MATCHING QUESTIONS

QUESTION 1

Indicate whether the statements below are **true** or **false**.

- 1.1 The continents the world can be referred as “Regions”.
- 1.2 The equator is also known as 0-degree Latitude.
- 1.3 South facing slopes in Southern Hemisphere are warmer than North facing slopes.
- 1.4 The polar regions have very low albedo rates.
- 1.5 The temperature increases with an increase in altitude in the troposphere.
- 1.6 Namibia is densely populated.
- 1.7 The East winds over the Namib desert are also known as Berg winds.
- 1.8 Warm air is heavier than cold air.
- 1.9 Fog is not an example of precipitation.
- 1.10 The cold Benguela current is responsible for low rainfall along the coast of Namibia.
- 1.11 All areas of the world affected by cold ocean currents have deserts.
- 1.12 There are no seasons on equatorial regions.
- 1.13 Poor air quality affects weather.
- 1.14 Both land and water surfaces will heat up quickly ^{if} they are located on the same Latitude.
- 1.15 All cold ocean currents around the world are found on the west coasts of the continents.

Match the items in Column A with the correct descriptions in Column B. Write only the letter next to the to the corresponding number e.g. 1.1 B

1.16 Natural resources	A. An increase in the number of people due to natural increase.
1.17 Soil	B. Occurs in Summer in Namibia
1.18 Thermal energy production	C. Leads to poor soils due to unsustainable removal of trees
1,19 Population growth	D. The process that ensures human activities are carried out in a way

	that does not seriously disturb the earth's fragile ecosystems.
1.20 Population explosion	E. Country's population doubling in less than 10 years.
1.21 Frontal rainfall	F. The measure of the number of the number of people that live in an area per square kilometre.
1.22 Microclimates	G. The spread of desert conditions to arid and semi-arid zones
1.23 Population density	H. Occur mainly within the tropics
1.24 Deforestation	I. Cyclonic rainfall
1.25 Orographic rainfall	J. Variations within climatic region
1.26 Climate	K. Contributes to air pollution
1.27 Desertification	L. Precipitation, Sunshine, Humidity etc.
1.28 Environmental management	M. Is a renewable resource
1.29 Convectional rainfall	N. Sustains life on earth
1.30 Weather elements	O. Relief rainfall

Total marks 1×30=30/

SECTION B: STRUCTURED QUESTIONS

QUESTION 2: THE GEOGRAPHY OF NAMIBIA, SADC, AND THE WORLD

2.1 The name Namibia comes from the Namib desert. Name **TWO** physical features found in the Namib desert. (2)

2.2 Describe the significance of the features named in 2.1 to the people of Namibia. (4)

2.3 The Namib desert environment is fragile. What is a **"FRAGILE ENVIRONMENT"**? (2)

2.4 Desertification is caused by both Natural and Human factors. Name and explain **THREE** natural factors that can cause desertification. (6)

2.5 Latitudes and Altitude have influence on weather and climate. Differentiate between Latitude and Altitude. (2)

2.6 By means of a sketch or a well labelled diagram indicate how altitude influence weather and climate. *NB Draw only and label the diagram* (4)

2.7 What does INSOLATION mean? (2)

2.8 Name the type of rainfall that is very common at Latitude 0 degree. (1)

2.9 Deciduous trees are common within the tropics. What are deciduous trees? (2)

2.10 Name two features of a Mediterranean climate. (2)

Total marks /25/

QUESTION 3: POPULATION GEOGRAPHY

3.1 Explain how high birth rate and death rate influence population growth. (2)

3.2 Give **TWO** examples of demographic variables. (2)

3.3 What is meant by the term high fertility? (2)

3.4 Explain the Namibian population composition in terms of:

- a) Aged population above 60 years
- b) Children below the age of five. (4)

3.5 Name and explain one factor that influences population growth in:

- a) Developing countries
- b) Developed countries (4)

3.6 What is a population? (1)

Total marks /15/

QUESTION 4: NATURAL RESOURCES

- 4.1 Define the term natural resources. (2)
- 4.2 Distinguish between Renewable and Non-renewable resources. (4)
- 4.3 Name and explain two ways of conserving our water resources. (4)
- 4.4 Name two benefits of minerals to a country. (2)
- 4.5 Sand mining has increased in Namibia in recent years. What is sand mining? (2)
- 4.6 Suggest two reasons why sand mining is on the increase. (2)
- 4.7 Name two environmental problems caused by sand mining. (2)
- 4.8 Explain what is meant by the concept "SUSTAINABILITY". (2)

Total marks /20/

QUESTION 5: NATURAL DISASTERS OF THE WORLD.

- 5.1 Namibia is experiencing frequent occurrence of natural disasters such as floods, veld fire and drought. Explain the **natural causes** of the three natural disasters mentioned above. (6)

QUESTION 6: UNDERSTANDING OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

- 6.1 Explain how the Orbit of the Earth around the Sun cause seasons. You may use a sketch or diagram to answer this question. (4)

Total marks (Q5 & 6) =/10/

Grand total: /100/

NB 2 options
1. describe in words
OR
2. draw a diagram and label it.