

FACULTY	AGRICULTURE, ENGINEERING AND NATURAL SCIENCES				
SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SCIENCES				
DEPARTMENT	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE				
SUBJECT	FUNDAMENTALS OF PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY				
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DURATION	3 HOURS	MARKS	100		

JUNE SUPPLEMENTARY EXAMINATION

Examiners:

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INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Work in an orderly manner and present your work as neatly as possible.
- 2. While most of the marks will be awarded for content, candidates must bear in mind the importance of presentation, i.e. insight and critical thinking.
- 3. Number your questions correctly and clearly.
- 4. This paper consists of four (4) pages (excluding this front page).
- 5. Answer all the questions.
- **6.** The use of calculator is allowed.

QUESTION 1 [22 marks]

Read <u>very</u> carefully each statement below and indicate whether each of the following statements is True or False (Please write down the entire word).

- (a) Scientific knowledge can only be truthful if there is empirical evidence to support it.
- (b) The distance across the edges of the universe was only discovered recently, thanks to advances in space technology.
- (c) The irony of science and knowledge is that the more you know, the more you become uncertain.
- (d) In the southern hemisphere, the south facing slope is often more productive from a vegetative perspective because it receives more insolation as opposed to the north facing slope.
- (e) Because of the finite speed of light, when you gaze up into the night sky, you are looking into the past.
- (f) On a relative scale a planet is smaller than a galaxy, but larger than a star in our universe.
- (g) After the 21st March each year, the Sun subpolar point starts shifting northward to the Tropic of Capricorn.
- (h) Radiation with longwave length has higher frequency and therefore more energy.
- (i) The far side of the moon is not visible from earth because the moon's revolution around the earth is synchronised it its rotation on its own axis.
- (j) When crossing the international dateline, it is possible to move back in time, say from Monday back to Sunday.
- (k) Equinox occurs two times every year, on the 21st December and 21st June.
- (l) Two geographical positions along different longitude locations, but same latitude locations will experience the same earth rotational velocity.
- (m) All planets revolve around the Sun in a counter clockwise direction, except Venus and Uranus.
- (n) Mercury is the hottest planet in our solar system because it is the closest to the Sun.
- (o) The earth is divided into 24 time zones, with each zone equivalent to a distance (km) the earth rotate on its axis per hour.
- (p) If the moon was half a million km away from the Earth, it will take approximately 1.6 seconds for a particle of light to travel between these two celestial bodies.
- (q) The term geothermal gradient refers to a gradual increase in temperature from earth surface to the centre of the earth.
- (r) Earth is the only celestial body with water in our solar system.
- (s) Windhoek the capital City of Namibia experience solar radiation at Zenith point twice per year.
- (t) Summer occurs during perihelion when the earth is closer to the sun, whereas, winter occurs during aphelion when the earth is located at its farthest point away from the sun.
- (u) If the Earth reduces its rotational velocity by half, days will become longer, while nights will become shorter in Namibia.
- (v) All planets orbit along nearly the same flat-disc shaped orbital plane around the Sun.

QUESTION 2 [15 Marks]

Choose the correct answer from each of the following (one mark for each question):

- **2.1** Which of the following statements best describe the earth and its spheres?
 - a) The earth is a closed system made up of three (3) closed abiotic spheres and one (1) closed biotic sphere.
 - b) The earth is an open system made up of three (3) closed biotic spheres and one (1) open abiotic sphere.
 - c) The earth is a closed system made up of three (3) open abiotic spheres and one (1) open biotic sphere.
 - d) The earth is an open system made up of three (3) open abiotic spheres, and one (1) closed biotic sphere.
 - e) None of the above
- **2.2** The uniqueness of scientific knowledge rest in the following character:
 - a) It is acquired based on habit, conviction and faith.
 - b) It is always truthful.
 - c) It is peer reviewed.
 - d) It is superior to pre-scientific knowledge.
 - e) None of the above.
- 2.3 Light from the Sun takes _____ to reach the Earth.
 - (a) virtually no time
 - (b) 8.3 seconds
 - (c) 83 seconds
 - (d) 8.3 minutes
 - (e) 83 minutes
 - **2.8** If it is 2 P.M. Greenwich, UK (UTC), and it is 8 P.M. where you are, at what longitude must you be?
 - a) 60°E
 - b) 90°E
 - c) 90°W
 - d) 60°W
 - e) 30°W
 - f) 30°E
- 2.9 The distance between meridians is greatest
 - a) At the poles.
 - b) At the Arctic/Antarctic circles.
 - c) At the Tropics of Cancer/Capricorn.
 - d) At the Equator.
 - e) everywhere, since they are parallel to each other.

- **2.4** Which of the following is classified as an igneous rock?
 - a) sandstone
 - b) gneiss
 - c) basalt
 - d) shale
 - e) schist
- **2.5** According to their percentage by weight, what are the two main elements in the Earth's crust?
 - (a) iron and calcium
 - (b) oxygen and silicon
 - (c) potassium and magnesium
 - (d) iron and calcium
 - (e) None of the above
- **2.6** Solar energy propagates (travels) in space to Earth in the form of:
 - (a) Convection
 - (b) Conduction
 - (c) Radiation
 - (d) All of the above
 - (e) A and B above
- **2.7** *Magma* cools to form:
 - (a) Metamorphic rock
 - (b) Igneous rocks
 - (c) Sedimentary rocks
 - (d) All of the above
 - (e) None of the above
- **2.11** Which of the following statements is correct with regards to our solar system.
- (a) All terrestrial planets spin clockwise on their axis, except Venus.
- (b) The closest planet to the Sun is the hottest planet in our solar system.
- (c) Terrestrial planets are less dense as compared to Jovian planets.
- (d) All of the above.
- **2.12** The following statements describes the nature of the electromagnetic spectrum. Indicate the statement which is incorrect.
 - (a) The longer the wavelength, the high the frequency, and the less the energy.
 - (b) The shorter the wavelength, the lower the frequency, the more the energy.

- **2.10** Which of the following is correct about the following location: 38.9167 °: -77.00 °?
 - a) It is located in South Western hemisphere.
 - b) It is located in the north western hemisphere Hemisphere.
 - c) It is located in the South Western hemisphere.
 - d) It is located in the South Eastern hemisphere.
 - e) None of the above.
- **2.13** Which one of the following Cities experience solar radiation at Zenith/sun-solar point twice per year.
 - (a) Cape Town.
 - (b) Windhoek.
 - (c) London.
 - (d) New York.
 - (e) None of the above.
- **2.15** Which of the following processes is not associated with the formation of sedimentary rocks?
 - (a) Deposition
 - (b) Erosion
 - (c) Lithification
 - (d) Eruption
 - (e) All of the above

- (c) Radiation with longer wavelength has less energy and therefore are not able to penetrate the earth atmosphere.
- (d) The shorter the wavelength, the higher the frequency, the more the energy.
- (e) None of the above.
- 2.14 The Earth's lower mantle is mainly composed of:
 - (a) Solid iron and nickel
 - (b) Liquid iron and magnesium
 - (c) Liquid nickel, silicon and iron
 - (d) Solid iron oxide, magnesium and silicon
 - (e) None of the above

QUESTION 3 [20 marks]

For each of the statements in Table 1, match it with an appropriate explanatory/descriptive term from Table 2 below: [1 marks each]

Table 1. List of Geographical terms

Basic research	0°	Uranus	Applied Research	Atmosphere
Geomorphology	Tradition		Atmosphere	
23.5° S	Tectonic stresses	Aphelion		Perihelion
Neptune	25°C/km		Gamma rays	Diverging plate
				boundary
Sub-tropical	Counter	Lithosphere	Tectonic uplift	10 km
	clockwise			
5 km	Fluvial erosion	Pleistocene	22 September 2022	Mid-latitude
21 June 2022	Aluminium	Clockwise		
Oceanic crust	Infrared	Silicon	6.4 °C/km	Continental crust
Sandstone	Petrified wood	Solar energy	Holocene	Converging plate
,				boundary

Table 2. List of explanatory statements.

- (a) The earth's sphere that includes an edaphosphere.
- (b) A term referring to the point when the Earth is closest to the Sun.
- (c) The upper altitudinal limit of human dwelling in the biosphere.
- (d) The direction in which oceanic and atmospheric circulations are deflected in the southern hemisphere.
- (e) A latitude zone.
- (f) The rate at which temperature decreases with depth in the earth interior.
- (g) A term referring to the point when the Earth is at its furthest point from the Sun.
- (h) The date when the Sun declination is 23.5° N.
- (i) The latitude zone located between 25° N and 35° N.
- (j) The direction in which oceanic and atmospheric circulations are deflected in the northern hemisphere.
- (k) The rate at which temperature decrease with altitude in the earth atmosphere.
- (1) The calendar date when a day last for 12 hours of daylight on earth.
- (m) An example of a shortwave radiation.
- (n) An earth crust largely made up of fine grained particles (basalt).
- (o) The second most abundant element in the earth crust.
- (p) An example of an exogenic process on the geological cycle.
- (q) An example of an Organic rock.
- (r) A source of energy for metamorphic rocks to form.
- (s) A name of the first epoch during the Quaternary period.
- (t) A constrictive plate boundary.

QUESTION 4 [15 marks]

Supposed you arrived in Swakopmund (22.64° S: 14.60° E) for vacation on the 22st December 2022, after completing your end year examination at UNAM. Answer the following questions.

- a) What is the difference between the term Sun declination and Sun altitude?
- (3)
- b) What will be the noon Sun altitude in Swakopmund on the day given above?
- (4)
- c) Workout the latitude where the noon Sun altitude will be 2° degree above the horizon on that day?(4)
- d) Suppose the noon Sun altitude along equator is 86° degrees on a certain unspecified day. Workout the latitude of the sub-solar point sun on that unspecified day.

QUESTION 5 [10 marks]

- (a) Explain the relationship between earth rotation and the distribution of cold and warm currents in the Southern hemisphere. (5)
- (b) Explain why the Earth does not receive a uniform amount of insolation across all its surface. (5)

QUESTION 6 [10 marks]

Distinguish between igneous rocks, sedimentary rocks and metamorphic rocks, and shed some light on processes that are involved in their formations. (10)

QUESTION 7 [8 marks]

Suppose you are teaching school learners about "Pangaea" a supercontinent that once existed. Use Alfred Wegener's theory of continental drift to advance your arguments about Pangaea then and now. (8)

END OF EXAMINATION